
One-loop matching for Euler-Heisenberg EFT

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```
<< DiracAlgebra`
```

The DiracAlgebra package is not public but can be obtained from the author.

Kinematics

```
In[2]:= kinematics = {p1 . p1 → 0, p2 . p2 → 0, p3 . p3 → 0,  
p4 . p4 → 0, p1 . p2 → s/2};
```

```
In[3]:= onShell = Take[kinematics, 4]
```

```
Out[3]= {p1 . p1 → 0, p2 . p2 → 0, p3 . p3 → 0, p4 . p4 → 0}
```

Loop integral

General form, from appendix A. We suppress a factor

```
In[4]:= preFactor = I/(4 π)^d/2;
```

which will be added later. The remaining integral reads

```
In[5]:= loopInt2[α_, β_, m2_] :=  
(-1)^(α+β) (m2)^(α-β+d/2)  
Gamma[d/2 + α] Gamma[β - α - d/2] / . d → 4 - 2 ε //  
Gamma[d/2] Gamma[β]  
Simplify;
```

We only need the integral for $\alpha = 0$!

```
In[6]:= tadpole[n_] := loopInt2[0, n, m^2]
```

Count external momenta as small

The loop momentum k is large!

```
In[7]:= count = {k.a_ :> λ k.a /; a != k,
              (a_).b_ :> λ^2 a.b /; (a != k) ∧ (b != k),
              v.a_ :> λ v.a /; v != k};
```

Box integral B

```
In[8]:= denomB =
          1
          1
          _____
          k.k - m^2 (k+p2).(k+p2) - m^2
          1
          _____
          (k+p3-p1).(k+p3-p1) - m^2
          1
          _____
          (k-p1).(k-p1) - m^2 // γExp;
```

```
In[9]:= denomB2 = denomB /. onShell /. count
```

$$\text{Out}[9]= \frac{1}{(-m^2 + k \cdot k)} (-m^2 + k \cdot k - 2 \lambda k \cdot p1) (-m^2 + k \cdot k + 2 \lambda k \cdot p2) (-m^2 + k \cdot k - 2 \lambda k \cdot p1 + 2 \lambda k \cdot p3 - 2 \lambda^2 p1 \cdot p3)$$

We suppress a factor $(i e)^4$ from vertex and i^4 from propagators, as well as a factor (-1) from the closed fermion loop. These will be added at the end.

$$\text{In}[10]:= \text{numeratorB0} = \gamma_{\mu 1} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 2} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} + \hat{p2}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 4} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} - \hat{p1} + \hat{p3}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 3} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} - \hat{p1})$$

$$\text{Out}[10]= \gamma_{\mu 1} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 2} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} + \hat{p2}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 4} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} - \hat{p1} + \hat{p3}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 3} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} - \hat{p1})$$

```
In[11]:= numeratorB0 /. {p3 → p1, p4 → p2}
```

$$\text{Out}[11]= \gamma_{\mu 1} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 2} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} + \hat{p2}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 4} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k}) \wedge \gamma_{\mu 3} \wedge (m \bar{I} + \hat{k} - \hat{p1})$$

```
In[12]:= numeratorB1 = numeratorB0 // γTrace;
```

```
In[13]:= numeratorB2 = numeratorB1 /. count /. onShell;
```

Construct full amplitude

```
In[14]:= ampFull = 2 one denomB2 numeratorB2 +
 2 two
  (denomB2 numeratorB2 /.
   {μ3 → μ4, μ4 → μ3, p3 → p4, p4 → p3}) +
 2 three
  (denomB2 numeratorB2 /.
   {μ2 → μ4, μ4 → μ2, p2 → -p4, p4 → -p2});
```

Note: The labels `one`, `two`, `three` can be set to 1 at the end. They

are only used to illustrate cancellations between the diagrams.

```
In[15]:= ampForward = ampFull /. {p3 → p1, p4 → p2};
```

Contract indices

```
In[16]:= projector1 = gμ1, μ2 gμ3, μ4;
```

```
In[17]:= projector2 = gμ1, μ3 gμ2, μ4;
```

```
In[18]:= structure1 = (projector1 ampForward // γSimp) /.
  onShell;
```

```
In[19]:= structure1b = Series[structure1, {λ, 0, 4}] // Normal;
```

```
In[20]:= structure1c = Collect[structure1b /. k · k → Δ + m2,
  λ, Simplify];
```

```
In[21]:= structure2 = (projector2 ampForward // γSimp) /.
  onShell;
```

```
In[22]:= structure2b = Series[structure2, {λ, 0, 4}] // Normal;
```

```
In[23]:= structure2c = Collect[structure2b /. k · k → Δ + m2,
  λ, Simplify];
```

Now look at the terms order by order: structure 1

```
In[24]:= orderZero = Collect[Coefficient[structure1c, λ, 0],
  {λ, Δ}, Simplify]
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[24]}= & \frac{64 m^4 (\text{one} + \text{three} + \text{two})}{\Delta^4} - \\ & \frac{32 m^2 ((-3 + d) \text{one} - 2 \text{three} + (-3 + d) \text{two})}{\Delta^3} + \\ & \frac{8 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d) \text{one} - 2 \text{two} + d (-\text{three} + \text{two}))}{\Delta^2} \end{aligned}$$

In[25]:= `orderZero2 = orderZero /. d → 4 - 2 ε /. Δn_→ tadpole[-n]`

Out[25]=
$$\begin{aligned} & 8 \left(m^2\right)^{-\epsilon} (-2 \text{two} + \text{one} (2 - 2\epsilon) + (-\text{three} + \text{two}) (4 - 2\epsilon)) \\ & (2 - 2\epsilon) \text{Gamma}[\epsilon] + 16 \left(m^2\right)^{-\epsilon} \\ & (-2 \text{three} + \text{one} (1 - 2\epsilon) + \text{two} (1 - 2\epsilon)) \text{Gamma}[1 + \epsilon] + \\ & \frac{32}{3} \left(m^2\right)^{-\epsilon} (\text{one} + \text{three} + \text{two}) \text{Gamma}[2 + \epsilon] \end{aligned}$$

This has to vanish! There is no correponding operator in the Euler-Heisenberg Lagrangian!

In[26]:= `orderZero2 // FullSimplify`

Out[26]= $\frac{16}{3} \left(m^2\right)^{-\epsilon} (\text{one} - 2 \text{three} + \text{two}) (-2 + \epsilon) (-3 + 2\epsilon) \text{Gamma}[\epsilon]$

OK!

In[27]:= `orderOne = Collect[Coefficient[structure1c, λ, 1], {λ, Δ}, Simplify]`

Out[27]=
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{\Delta^5} 128 m^4 ((\text{one} + \text{three} + 2 \text{two}) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p1} + \\ & (-\text{one} + \text{three} - 2 \text{two}) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p2}) + \frac{1}{\Delta^3} \\ & 8 (-2 + d) (((-2 + d) \text{one} - d \text{three} - 4 \text{two} + 2 d \text{two}) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p1} - \\ & ((-2 + d) \text{one} + d \text{three} - 4 \text{two} + 2 d \text{two}) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p2}) + \frac{1}{\Delta^4} \\ & 32 m^2 ((5 \text{one} - 2 d \text{one} + 3 \text{three} + 9 \text{two} - 3 d \text{two}) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p1} + \\ & ((-5 + 2 d) \text{one} + 3 (\text{three} + (-3 + d) \text{two})) \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{p2}) \end{aligned}$$

Note that, by construction, all order one terms are odd in k_μ and vanish!

```
In[28]:= orderTwo = Collect[Coefficient[structurelc, λ, 2], {λ, Δ}, Simplify]

Out[28]= 
$$\frac{1}{Δ^6} 256 m^4$$


$$\left( (one + three + 3 two) (k \cdot p1)^2 + (-one + three - 5 two) k \cdot p1 k \cdot p2 + (one + three + 3 two) (k \cdot p2)^2 \right) + \frac{1}{Δ^3}$$


$$8 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d) one + (-8 + d) three + (-2 + d) two)$$


$$p1 \cdot p2 + \frac{1}{Δ^5}$$


$$64 m^2 \left( ((5 - 2 d) one + 3 three - 4 (-3 + d) two) (k \cdot p1)^2 + 2 ((-2 + d) one + three + 3 (-3 + d) two) k \cdot p1 k \cdot p2 + ((5 - 2 d) one + 3 three - 4 (-3 + d) two) (k \cdot p2)^2 + 2 m^2 two p1 \cdot p2 \right) + \frac{1}{Δ^4}$$


$$8 \left( 2 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d) one - d three - 4 two + 2 d two) (k \cdot p1)^2 - 2 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d) one + (-4 + d) three + 3 (-2 + d) two) k \cdot p1 k \cdot p2 + 2 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d) one - d three - 4 two + 2 d two) (k \cdot p2)^2 - 4 m^2 ((-1 + d) one + (-3 + d) three + (-5 + 2 d) two) p1 \cdot p2 \right)$$

```

```
In[66]:= orderTwo2 = Explicit[orderTwo // Expand, k];
```

```
In[30]:= average = {kμ1_ kμ2_ → 1/d gμ1,μ2 k · k};
```

In[31]:= **orderTwo3** =

```
Collect[
  (orderTwo2 /. average // γSimp) /. k · k → Δ + m2 /.
  onShell, Δ, Simplify]
```

Out[31]=
$$-\frac{256 m^6 (\text{one} - \text{three} + 5 \text{two}) p1 \cdot p2}{d \Delta^6} +$$

$$\frac{128 m^4 ((-4 + d) \text{one} + 3 \text{three} + (-19 + 4 d) \text{two}) p1 \cdot p2}{d \Delta^5} -$$

$$\frac{1}{d \Delta^4} 16 m^2 ((20 - 14 d + 3 d^2) \text{one} + 84 \text{two} +$$

$$d^2 (3 \text{three} + 7 \text{two}) - 2 d (6 \text{three} + 23 \text{two})) p1 \cdot p2 +$$

$$\frac{1}{d \Delta^3} 8 (-2 + d) ((-2 + d)^2 \text{one} + (8 - 10 d + d^2) \text{three} +$$

$$(12 - 8 d + d^2) \text{two}) p1 \cdot p2$$

In[32]:= **orderTwo4** =

```
orderTwo3 /. d → 4 - 2 ε /. Δn - → tadpole[-n] //
```

FullSimplify

Out[32]=
$$-\frac{8}{15} (m^2)^{-1-\epsilon} (-3 + 2 \epsilon)$$

$$(4 \text{one} (-3 + \epsilon) - 5 \text{two} (1 + \epsilon) + \text{three} (17 + \epsilon))$$

$$p1 \cdot p2 \text{Gamma}[1 + \epsilon]$$

In[33]:= **orderTwo4** /. {one → 1, two → 1, three → 1} // Simplify

Out[33]= 0

Yes, this works, too!

Third order vanishes; odd in k_μ

In[34]:= **orderFour** =

```
Collect[Coefficient[
  structure1c /. {one → 1, two → 1, three → 1}, λ, 4],
  {λ, Δ}, Simplify];
```

```
In[67]:= orderFour2 = Explicit[orderFour // Expand, k];
```

```
In[36]:= average4 = kμ1 kμ2 kμ3 kμ4 →
          (k · k)2
          d (2 + d) (gμ1,μ2 gμ3,μ4 + gμ1,μ3 gμ2,μ4 + gμ1,μ4 gμ2,μ3);
```

```
In[37]:= orderFour3 =
Collect[
  ((orderFour2 // Expand) /. average4 /. average //
  γSimp) /. k · k → Δ + m2 /. onShell, Δ, Simplify]
```

```
Out[37]= 
$$\frac{43\,008 \, m^8 \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{d \, (2 + d) \, \Delta^8} - \frac{512 \, (-212 + 33 d) \, m^6 \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{d \, (2 + d) \, \Delta^7} +$$


$$\frac{128 \, (718 - 251 d + 25 d^2) \, m^4 \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{d \, (2 + d) \, \Delta^6} -$$


$$\frac{64 \, (-448 + 276 d - 64 d^2 + 5 d^3) \, m^2 \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{d \, (2 + d) \, \Delta^5} +$$


$$\frac{16 \, (144 - 152 d + 64 d^2 - 14 d^3 + d^4) \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{d \, (2 + d) \, \Delta^4}$$

```

```
In[38]:= orderFour4 =
orderFour3 /. d → 4 - 2 ε /. Δn → tadpole[-n] // FullSimplify
```

```
Out[38]= 
$$\frac{8 \, (m^2)^{-\epsilon} \, (-19 + \epsilon \, (7 + 6 \epsilon)) \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2 \, \text{Gamma}[2 + \epsilon]}{45 \, m^4}$$

```

```
In[39]:= resultStructure1 =
Series[orderFour4 /. {one → 1, two → 1, three → 1},
{ε, 0, 0}] // Normal
```

```
Out[39]= 
$$-\frac{152 \, (p_1 \cdot p_2)^2}{45 \, m^4}$$

```

Now look at the terms order by order: structure 2

EFT calculation

Feynman rules for Euler Heisenberg

From notebook `feynman_rule_Euler_Heisenberg.nb` :
feynman rule for Euler Heisenberg Lagrangian. Here the k_i 's are the photon momenta.

```
In[57]:= feynC1 = 32 k1μ4 k2μ3 k3μ2 k4μ1 + 32 k1μ3 k2μ4 k3μ1 k4μ2 +
 32 k1μ2 k2μ1 k3μ4 k4μ3 - 32 k1 · k2 k3μ4 k4μ3 gμ1,μ2 -
 32 k1 · k3 k2μ4 k4μ2 gμ1,μ3 - 32 k1 · k4 k2μ3 k3μ2 gμ1,μ4 -
 32 k2 · k3 k1μ4 k4μ1 gμ2,μ3 + 32 k1 · k4 k2 · k3 gμ1,μ4 gμ2,μ3 -
 32 k2 · k4 k1μ3 k3μ1 gμ2,μ4 + 32 k1 · k3 k2 · k4 gμ1,μ3 gμ2,μ4 -
 32 k3 · k4 k1μ2 k2μ1 gμ3,μ4 + 32 k1 · k2 k3 · k4 gμ1,μ2 gμ3,μ4;
```

```
In[58]:= feynC2 = 8 k1μ3 k2μ4 k3μ2 k4μ1 + 8 k1μ2 k2μ3 k3μ4 k4μ1 +
8 k1μ4 k2μ3 k3μ1 k4μ2 + 8 k1μ3 k2μ1 k3μ4 k4μ2 +
8 k1μ2 k2μ4 k3μ1 k4μ3 + 8 k1μ4 k2μ1 k3μ2 k4μ3 +
8 k3 · k4 k1μ4 k2μ3 gμ1,μ2 + 8 k3 · k4 k1μ3 k2μ4 gμ1,μ2 -
8 k2 · k4 k1μ3 k3μ4 gμ1,μ2 - 8 k1 · k4 k2μ3 k3μ4 gμ1,μ2 -
8 k2 · k3 k1μ4 k4μ3 gμ1,μ2 - 8 k1 · k3 k2μ4 k4μ3 gμ1,μ2 -
8 k3 · k4 k1μ2 k2μ4 gμ1,μ3 + 8 k2 · k4 k1μ4 k3μ2 gμ1,μ3 -
8 k1 · k4 k2μ4 k3μ2 gμ1,μ3 + 8 k2 · k4 k1μ2 k3μ4 gμ1,μ3 -
8 k2 · k3 k1μ4 k4μ2 gμ1,μ3 - 8 k1 · k2 k3μ4 k4μ2 gμ1,μ3 -
8 k3 · k4 k1μ2 k2μ3 gμ1,μ4 - 8 k2 · k4 k1μ3 k3μ2 gμ1,μ4 +
8 k2 · k3 k1μ3 k4μ2 gμ1,μ4 - 8 k1 · k3 k2μ3 k4μ2 gμ1,μ4 +
8 k2 · k3 k1μ2 k4μ3 gμ1,μ4 - 8 k1 · k2 k3μ2 k4μ3 gμ1,μ4 -
8 k3 · k4 k1μ4 k2μ1 gμ2,μ3 - 8 k2 · k4 k1μ4 k3μ1 gμ2,μ3 +
8 k1 · k4 k2μ4 k3μ1 gμ2,μ3 + 8 k1 · k4 k2μ1 k3μ4 gμ2,μ3 -
8 k1 · k3 k2μ4 k4μ1 gμ2,μ3 - 8 k1 · k2 k3μ4 k4μ1 gμ2,μ3 +
8 k1 · k3 k2 · k4 gμ1,μ4 gμ2,μ3 +
8 k1 · k2 k3 · k4 gμ1,μ4 gμ2,μ3 - 8 k3 · k4 k1μ3 k2μ1 gμ2,μ4 -
8 k1 · k4 k2μ3 k3μ1 gμ2,μ4 - 8 k2 · k3 k1μ3 k4μ1 gμ2,μ4 +
8 k1 · k3 k2μ3 k4μ1 gμ2,μ4 + 8 k1 · k3 k2μ1 k4μ3 gμ2,μ4 -
8 k1 · k2 k3μ1 k4μ3 gμ2,μ4 + 8 k1 · k4 k2 · k3 gμ1,μ3 gμ2,μ4 +
8 k1 · k2 k3 · k4 gμ1,μ3 gμ2,μ4 - 8 k2 · k4 k1μ2 k3μ1 gμ3,μ4 -
8 k1 · k4 k2μ1 k3μ2 gμ3,μ4 - 8 k2 · k3 k1μ2 k4μ1 gμ3,μ4 +
8 k1 · k2 k3μ2 k4μ1 gμ3,μ4 - 8 k1 · k3 k2μ1 k4μ2 gμ3,μ4 +
8 k1 · k2 k3μ1 k4μ2 gμ3,μ4 + 8 k1 · k4 k2 · k3 gμ1,μ2 gμ3,μ4 +
8 k1 · k3 k2 · k4 gμ1,μ2 gμ3,μ4;
```

Tree-level in EFT

```
In[59]:= kin = {k1 → p1, k2 → p2, k3 → p1, k4 → p2};
```

```
In[60]:= structure1EFT =
  (projector1 (feynC1 C1 + feynC2 C2) /. kin // γSimp) /.
    p1 . p2 → s / 2 /. onShell /. d → 4 // Simplify
```

Out[60]= $8 (13 C1 + 6 C2) s^2$

```
In[61]:= structure2EFT =
  (projector2 (feynC1 C1 + feynC2 C2) /. kin // γSimp) /.
    p1 . p2 → s / 2 /. onShell /. d → 4 // Simplify
```

Out[61]= $8 (4 C1 + 3 C2) s^2$

Final result

Matching

Factor (-1) from closed fermion loop

```
In[62]:= resFinal =
  
$$\frac{1}{\pi} (-1) e^4 \text{prefactor} \{ \text{resultStructure1},$$

  
$$\text{resultStructure2} \} /. \text{p1} \cdot \text{p2} \rightarrow s / 2 /.$$

  
$$e \rightarrow \sqrt{4 \pi \alpha} / . d \rightarrow 4$$

```

Out[62]= $\left\{ \frac{38 s^2 \alpha^2}{45 m^4}, \frac{44 s^2 \alpha^2}{45 m^4} \right\}$

From notebook **feynman_rule_Euler_Heisenberg.nb** : EFT result computed with Euler Heisenberg Lagrangian

```
In[63]:= EFTresult = 
$$\frac{1}{m^4} \{ \text{structure1EFT}, \text{structure2EFT} \}$$

  Out[63]=  $\left\{ \frac{8 (13 C1 + 6 C2) s^2}{m^4}, \frac{8 (4 C1 + 3 C2) s^2}{m^4} \right\}$ 
```

In[64]:= matchingRelations = ($\theta == \#$) & /@ (resFinal - EFTresult)

$$\text{Out}[64]= \left\{ \begin{aligned} \theta &= -\frac{8 (13 C1 + 6 C2) s^2}{m^4} + \frac{38 s^2 \alpha^2}{45 m^4}, \\ \theta &= -\frac{8 (4 C1 + 3 C2) s^2}{m^4} + \frac{44 s^2 \alpha^2}{45 m^4} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

In[65]:= couplings = Solve[matchingRelations, {C1, C2}] [[1]]

$$\text{Out}[65]= \left\{ C1 \rightarrow -\frac{\alpha^2}{36}, C2 \rightarrow \frac{7 \alpha^2}{90} \right\}$$